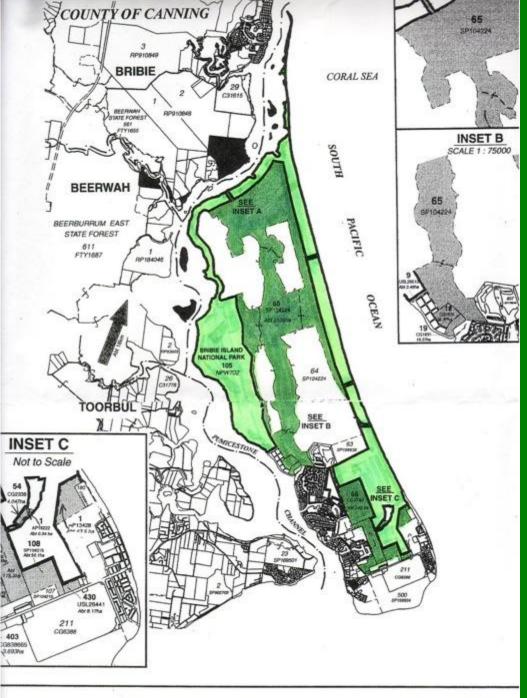
## WILD LAW 2013 CONFERENCE

Why is further growth planned for Bribie Island when it is already living beyond its ecological limits?





Bribie Island is located at the northern end of Moreton Bay.

It is bounded to the east by the Coral Sea and Pumicestone Passage to the west

Over 50% of Bribie is National Park but some of those areas are now in danger of being redesignated

## BRIBIE IS A PLACE OF GREAT NATURAL BEAUTY BUT.....

- > It is a sand island with no rocky "backbone" to give it stability
- ▶ It is held together by just the vegetation that has adapted to this environment
- > It has an average height above sea level of about 4 metres
- ➤ Studies by the Federal Government and Moreton Bay Regional Council (MBRC) show that 60% of the dwellings on Bribie would be affected by a 1 in 100 year storm surge
- ➤ The Bribie Island environment is extremely fragile. Just the smallest interference in one place can have an enormous impact over a wide area

## BRIBIE IS PROTECTED BY A RAFT OF LEGISLATION INCLUDING:

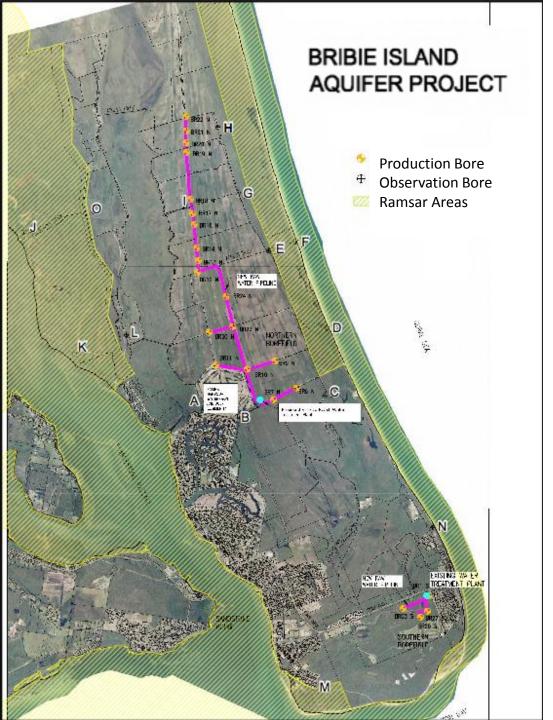
- Environmental Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999
   Convention on Migratory Species, Migratory Bird Agreements
- Coastal Management Act 1995 (Qld)
   State Coastal Management Plan (SCMP) and South East
   Queensland Coastal Management Plan (SEQCMP)
- Environmental Protection Act 1994
- Integrated Planning Act 1997
- Fisheries Act 1994
- Vegetation Management Act 1999
- Marine Parks Act 2004
- Nature Conservation Act 1992

#### Bribie Island today.....

- Island is under threat
  - Status of protected areas is under review
  - Inappropriate development
  - Inappropriate tourist activity
  - Inappropriate options in care of land and vegetation
  - Illegal clearing of vegetation
- Protective legislation is ineffective. There is a lack of will to enforce legislation by any level of government
- Current permanent population of ~15,000. Significant increase in population being mooted as planning basis for future

# BRIBIE ISLAND IS ALREADY STRUGGLING TO COPE WITH THE CURRENT POPULATION LEVELS AND THE NUMBERS OF TOURISTS. BRIBIE'S ECOLOGICAL LIMITS ARE ALREADY BEING EXCEEDED IN MANY AREAS INCLUDING:

- > Water resources cannot support the current extraction rates
- ➤ Foreshore areas are being eroded at an unprecedented rate as a result of current management practices
- Sewage treatment plant is antiquated and undersized and is downgrading the environment. Yet more communities are proposed to be connected without any upgrading
- ➤ Moreton Bay is already one of the most downgraded waterways in Australia. Activities on Bribie are making this worse and threatening a number of iconic species



Bribie's water supply comes from around 20 deep bores in the central part of the Island

Initially announced as a \$10m project to produce 10ML per day in 2006

Final cost in the order of \$50m for 4.3 ML per day. This is almost enough to supply the base load of Bribie. Has to be supplemented from the mainland

Extraction limit needs to be reduced to account for the extraction by Pacific Harbour Golf Course. This accesses the same aquifer but this consumption by PH was excluded from the original estimates

Modelling shows the aquifers cannot sustain this level of extraction without impacting the fresh water lakes in the Ramsar-protected areas

#### **BRIBIE WATER RESOURCES - SUMMARY**

- Current extraction rates cannot be maintained.
   License limit is already beyond the ecological limit
- Current license limit will have to be reduced to account for the water extraction by Pacific Harbour Golf Course
- Future supply expansions will have to come from mainland. Are these available?
- Long term water quality may be compromised by other activities in the catchment areas
- Probably among the most expensive water produced in Queensland

### **PRETREATMENT** AIR SCUM **OVERFLOW** TRASH **SECONDARY PRIMARY AERATION** @ DRY SLUDGE FINISHING **SLUDGE** DRYER DIGESTION **METHANE**









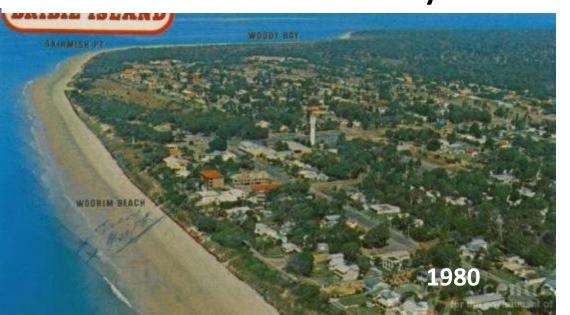
#### **BRIBIE SEWAGE TREATMENT - SUMMARY**

- Current plant is beyond its capacity. It cannot cope with demands of Bribie's existing population
- Despite the plant being beyond its capacity, connection of other mainland communities is being mooted
- Operating license for the current plant does take into account the standards for the environments that the wastes are discharged into. Current operation is downgrading the surrounding environment



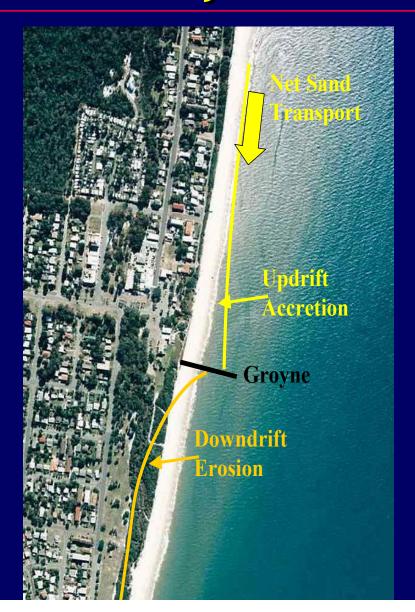


The Woorim foreshore has changed as a result of human activity





## Possible Groyne Location



The consultants
BMT WBM
predicted that
inappropriate
sand placement
would have
disastrous
consequences.

They were correct













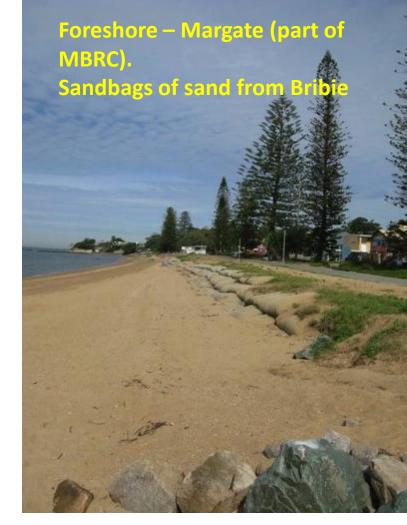
### Vegetation removal on dunes along Rickman Parade:

- No environmental assessment
- In erosion control reserve
- Contrary to WBSEMP recommendations
- Contrary to DERM guidelines
- Destroyed turtle nesting habitat due to increased light pollution
- No Class 1 pests requiring removal
- No public consultation

This unnecessary and uncontrolled removal of vegetation is widespread along the foreshore







#### THE VISION FOR WOORIM?

- No trees
- Rock or sandbag walls
- No beach
- Pathway along dune edge

#### **BRIBIE FORESHORE MAINTENANCE - SUMMARY**

- Foreshore is being lost to erosion at an alarming rate. Over 50 metres has been permanently lost south of Woorim in just two years
- Inappropriate human activity has been the main cause of recent erosion.
- The status-quo is not acceptable as a go-forward option, but some of the proposed remediation options will only make matters worse
- The wishes of real estate owners would appear to be taking precedence



Bribie Island is an important part of the group of local catchments that make up the Pumicestone Catchment

The Pumicestone
Catchment is part of
Moreton Bay area which
has been described by
Professor Hugh Possingham
as the most degraded
waterway in Australia

Pumicestone Catchment areas received "C" to "D" grades in 2012 Healthy Waterways' Scorecards

Activities on Bribie are not helpful







Beach accesses at Woorim. Above left – 5th Avenue before Below left – After. Above right – new access off helipad. Below right – Coolamara entrance. Clearing... "to allow two dogs to pass"









There seems little doubt that it is MBRC's intention to remove all the foreshore vegetation from 5<sup>th</sup> Avenue to the Coolamara **Entrance that is** seen here from these 2009 satellite photos

All this area has been destroyed as loggerhead turtle habitat

#### **MORTON BAY HEALTH - SUMMARY**

Poor

Activities on Bribie not helpful

 Endangered species becoming more endangered

# BRIBIE ISLAND'S ECOLOGICAL LIMITS SUMMARY

 Ecological limits being exceeded today in a large number of areas

 Bribie's environment is extremely fragile and has little capacity to recover from current downgrading activities

 Bribie's future is very cloudy. We face a decreasing quality of life in an increasingly degraded environment

## THE END

TIME FOR QUESTIONS / COMMENTS